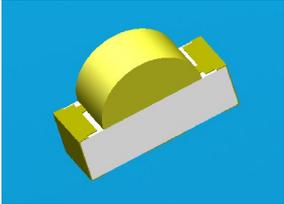


### Chip Infrared LED With Right Angle Lens IR12-21C/TR8



#### Features

- Small double-end package
- Low forward voltage
- Good spectral matching to Si photo detector
- Pb free
- The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant version
- Compliance with EU REACH

#### Descriptions

- IR12-21C/TR8 is an infrared emitting diode in miniature SMD package which is molded in a water clear plastic with right angle lens
- The device is spectrally matched with silicon photodiode and phototransistor

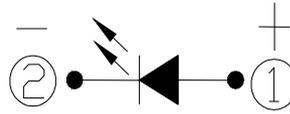
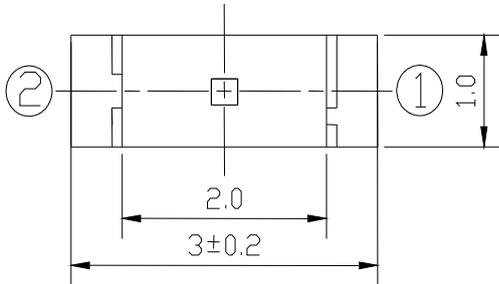
#### Applications

- PCB mounted infrared sensor
- Infrared emitting for miniature light barrier
- Floppy disk drive
- Optoelectronic switch
- Smoke detector

#### Device Selection Guide

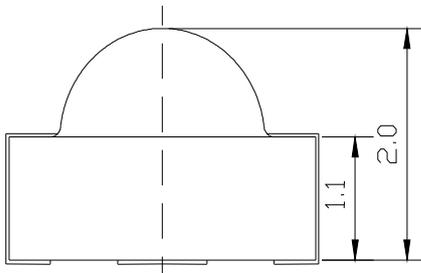
Part Category	Chip Material	Lens Color
IR	GaAIAs	Water Clear

Package Dimensions

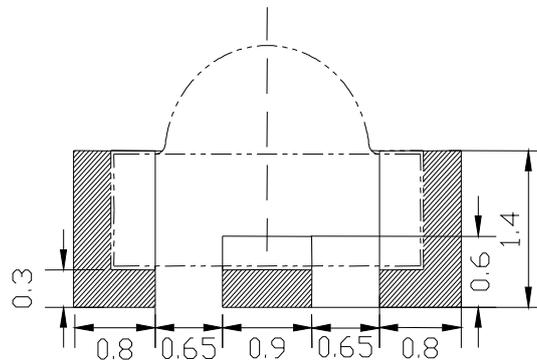
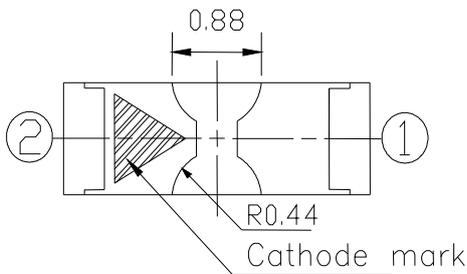


Polarity

- ① Anode
- ② Cathode



For reflow soldering(propose)



- Notes:**
- 1.All dimensions are in millimeters
  - 2.Tolerances unless dimensions  $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$
  - 3.Suggested pad dimension is just for reference only  
Please modify the pad dimension based on individual need

**Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25 )**

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Units
Continuous Forward Current	$I_F$	65	mA
Reverse Voltage	$V_R$	5	V
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr}$	-25 ~ +85	
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-40 ~ +85	
Soldering Temperature*1	$T_{sol}$	260	
Power Dissipation at (or below) 25 Free Air Temperature	$P_d$	130	mW

**Notes:** \*1: Soldering time 5 seconds

**Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25 )**

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Radiant Intensity	$I_e$	$I_F=20mA$	0.5	0.8	--	mW/sr
Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_p$		--	940	--	nm
Spectral Bandwidth	$\Delta\lambda$		--	45	--	nm
Forward Voltage	$V_F$		--	1.2	1.5	V
View Angle	2 $\theta$ 1/2		--	150	--	deg
Reverse Current	$I_R$	$V_R=5V$	--	--	10	$\mu A$

Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

Fig.1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

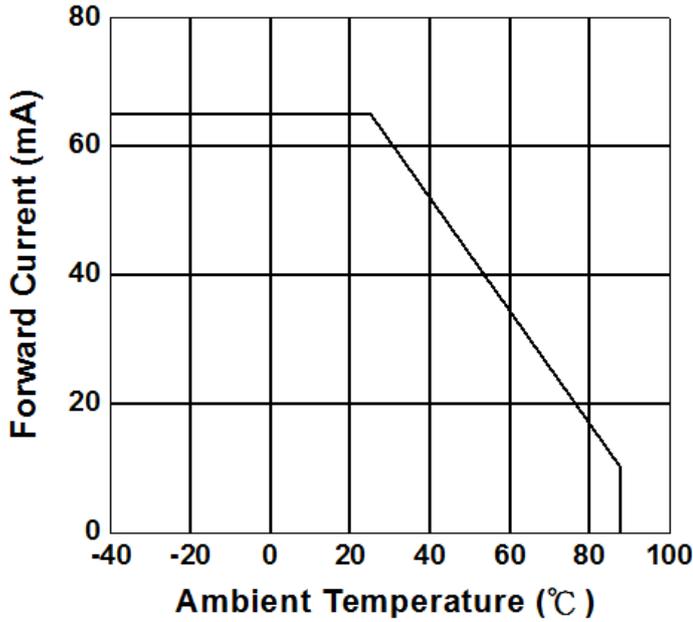


Fig.2 Spectral Distribution

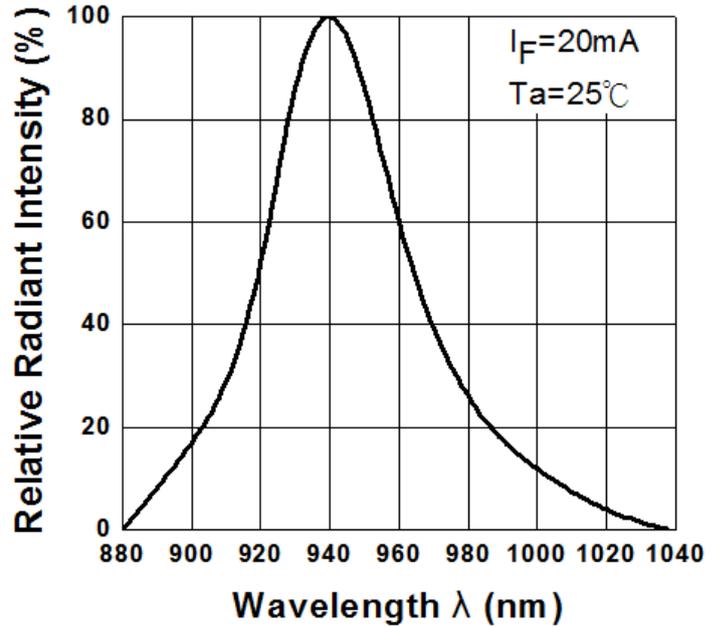


Fig.3 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

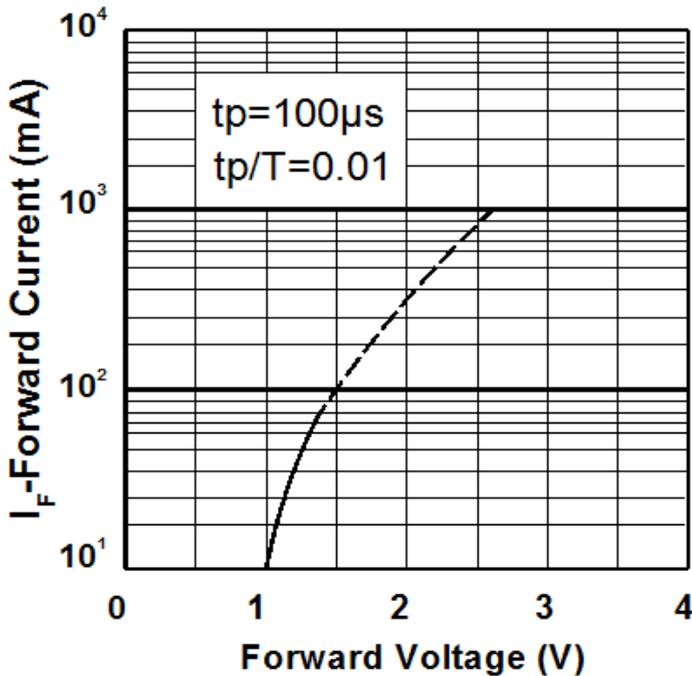
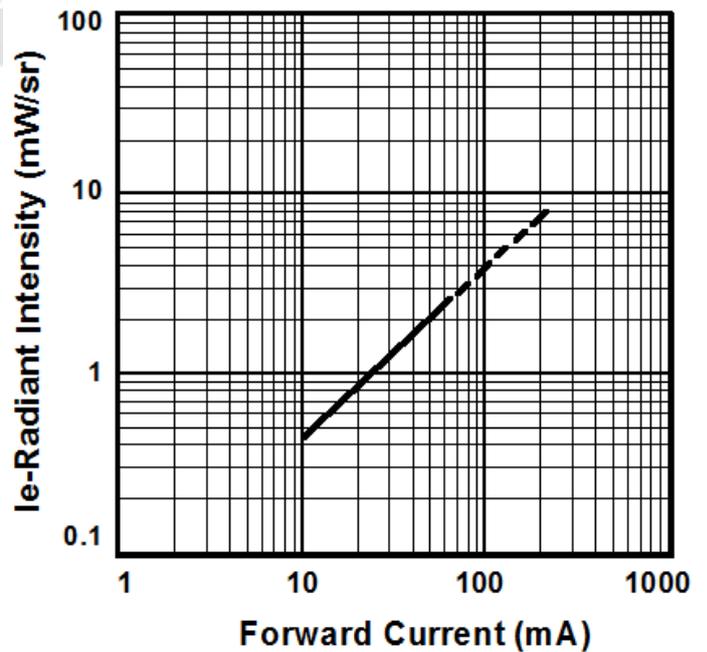
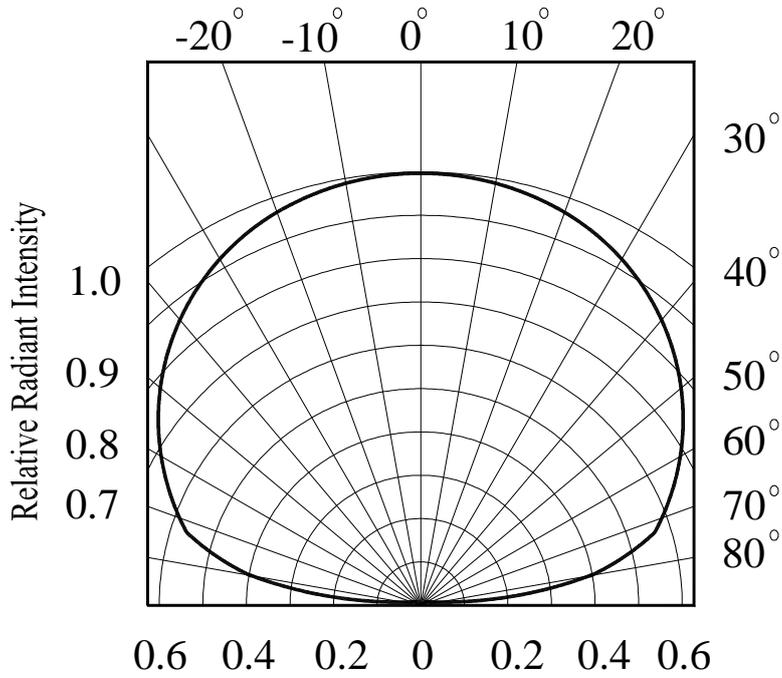


Fig.4 Radiant Intensity vs. Forward Current



### Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

Fig.5 Relative Radiant Intensity vs.  
Angular Displacement



## Precautions For Use

### 1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

### 2. Storage

2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.

2.2 Before opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 10 ~30 and 90%RH or less.

2.3 The LEDs suggested be used within one year.

2.4 After opening the package, the devices must be stored at 10 ~30 and  $\leq 60\%$ RH, and used within 168 hours (floor life). If unused LEDs remain, it should be stored in moisture proof packages.

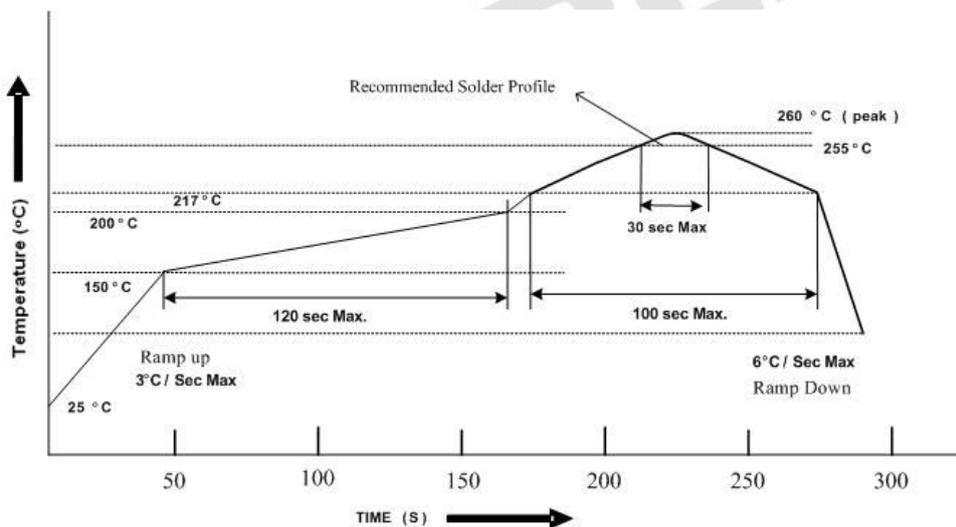
2.5 If the moisture absorbent material (desiccant material) has faded or unopened bag has exceeded the shelf life or devices (out of bag) have exceeded the floor life, baking treatment is required.

2.6 If baking is required, refer to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033 for bake procedure or recommend the following conditions:

96 hours at 60  $\pm$  5 and  $< 5\%$  RH (reeled/tubed/loose units).

### 3. Soldering Condition

#### 3.1 Pb-free solder temperature profile



3.2 Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times

3.3 When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating

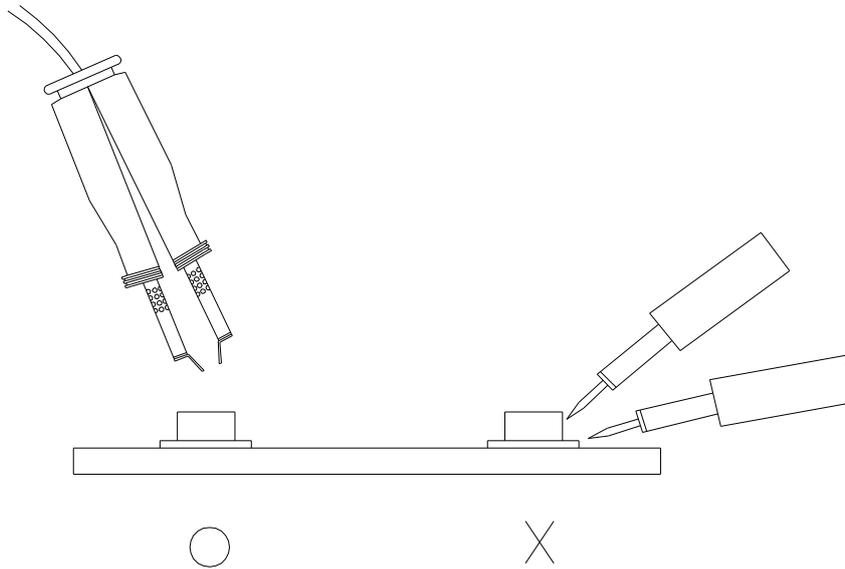
3.4 After soldering, do not warp the circuit board

#### 4. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 350 for 3 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

#### 5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.





## Label Form Specification

RoHS	<b>EVERLIGHT</b>	5
CPN: XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		
XXXXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXXXX		
P/N: XXXXXXXXXXXX		
XXXXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXXXX		
LOT No: Y150716XXX-XXXXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXXXX		
QTY: 0123456789 HUE: XXXXXXXXXXXX		
CAT: XXXXXXXXXXXX REF: XXXXXXXXXXXX		
REFERENCE: BTPYMMDDXXXXX		
MSL-X	MADE IN XXXXXX	

CPN: Customer's Production Number

P/N : Production Number

LOT No: Lot Number

QTY: Packing Quantity

HUE: Peak Wavelength

CAT: Ranks

REF: Reference

MSL-X: MSL Level

Made In: Manufacture place

## Notes

1. Above specification may be changed without notice. EVERLIGHT will reserve authority on material change for above specification.
2. The graphs shown in this datasheet are representing typical data only and do not show guaranteed values.
3. When using this product, please observe the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions for use outlined in these specification sheets. EVERLIGHT assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from use of the product which does not comply with the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions included in these specification sheets.
4. These specification sheets include materials protected under copyright of EVERLIGHT. Reproduction in any form is prohibited without the specific consent of EVERLIGHT.
5. This product is not intended to be used for military, aircraft, automotive, medical, life sustaining or life saving applications or any other application which can result in human injury or death. Please contact authorized Everlight sales agent for special application request.

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